

LIST OF CASE STUDIES

- 0,4/15 kV MV Transformer Off-line PD Test
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LOCATION

EUT

RATED VOLTAGE

INSULATION

LENGTH

VINTAGE

TYPE OF TEST

PD SENSOR

EUROPE

MV TRANSFORMER

0,4 / 15 kV

CASE STUDY

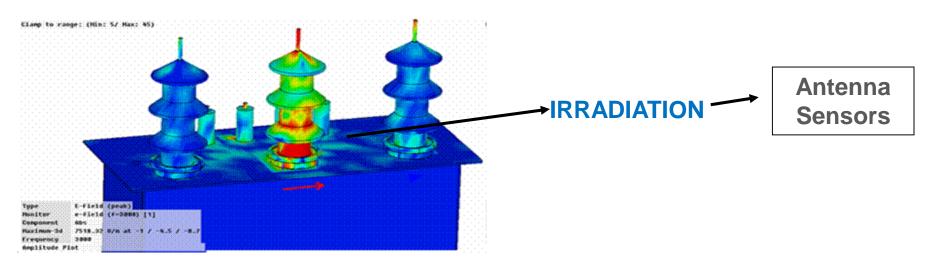
Quality control significantly highlights defects

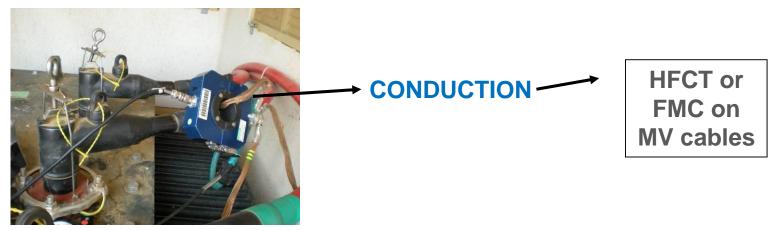
OFF-LINE VARIOUS



TRANSFORMERS:

PD pulses originated inside transformers can propagate outside through **conduction** (along the MV cables connected to the transformer) or **irradiation**.







 HFCT: installed around cable ground lead or directly around cables.
 Monitoring of PD activities within both transformers and cables.



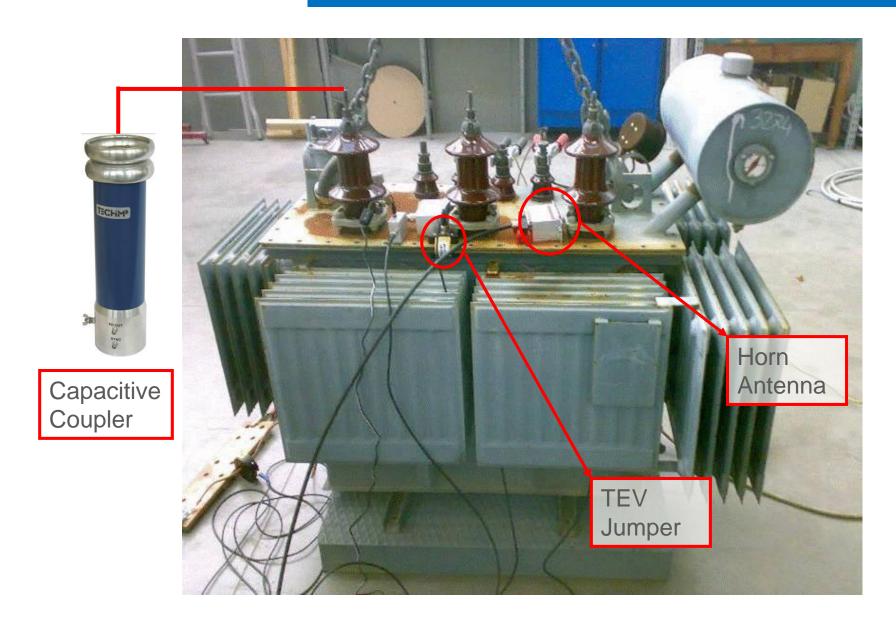
FMC: tied to the cable. Monitoring of PD activities within both transformers and cables



 UHF Antenna sensor: close to cables entrance on the transformer top.
 Monitoring of PD activities within cable termination and inside transformer



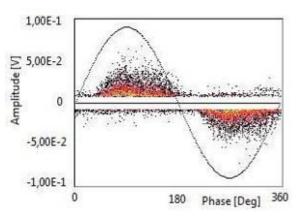






Acquisition through capacitive coupler:

No Amplifier



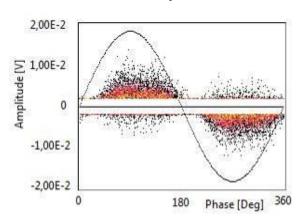
PD Magnitude

□ 50 mV



Acquisition through TEV Jumper:

No amplifier



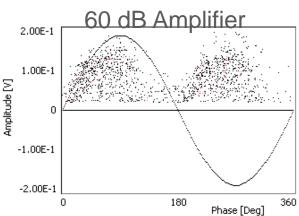
PD Magnitude

10 mV



Acquisition through HORN antenna:

HP 300 MHz and



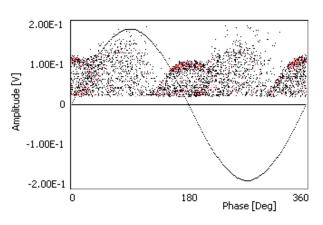
PD Magnitude

□ 150 mV

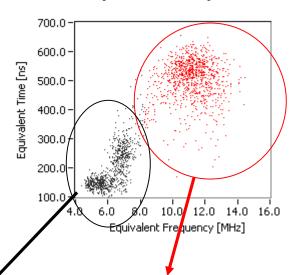




Entire Acquisition

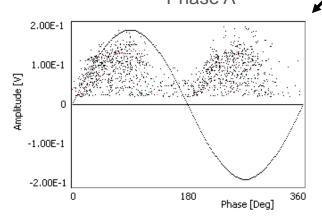


TF Separation Map

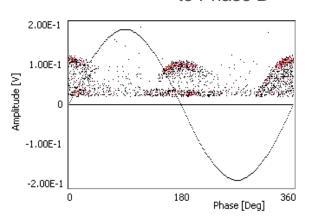


Detection carried out through Horn Antenna sensor

SubPattern A: Internal Defect relevant to Phase A



SubPattern B: Internal Defect relevant to Phase B





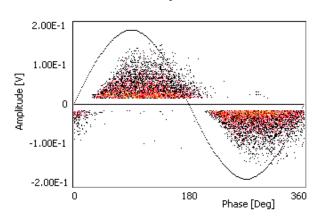






Acquisition through capacitive coupler:

No Amplifier



PD Magnitude



Acquisition through TEM Antenna:

HP 100 MHz 20

dB Amplifier

1.00E-1

-1.00E-1

-2.00E-1

0

180

Phase [Deq]

PD Magnitude

□ 100 mV



Acquisition through HORN antenna:

HP 300 MHz and
60 dB Amplifier

2.50E-1
2.50E-1
-5.00E-1
0 180 Phase [Deq] 360

PD Magnitude

200 mV







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PD SENSOR

EUROPE

MV TRANSFORMER

0,4 / 15 kV

CASE STUDY

On-line PD detection allows large number of information to be extracted and correlated in order to get a complete and accurate diagnosis.

ON-LINE VARIOUS



- No PD test during quality control procedure is required for small oil insulating transformer
- Utilities prefer replace any single failed transformer

BUT

- In this solar plant 5 transformers EXPLODED in 5 months causing significant lost of money and time
- PD tests were carried out after these EXPLOSION both on-field and in factory: PD having very high magnitude were found in several units, preventing further unavoidable failures
- After-laying tests are, in general, avoided for costs reasons
- Using the SAME detector for ALL the assets of a solar park can be reasonable, economically viable and effective.
- It is enough to provide the transformers/cables and switchgears with appropriate sensors and to perform a periodical on-line screening.



Transformer just after installation

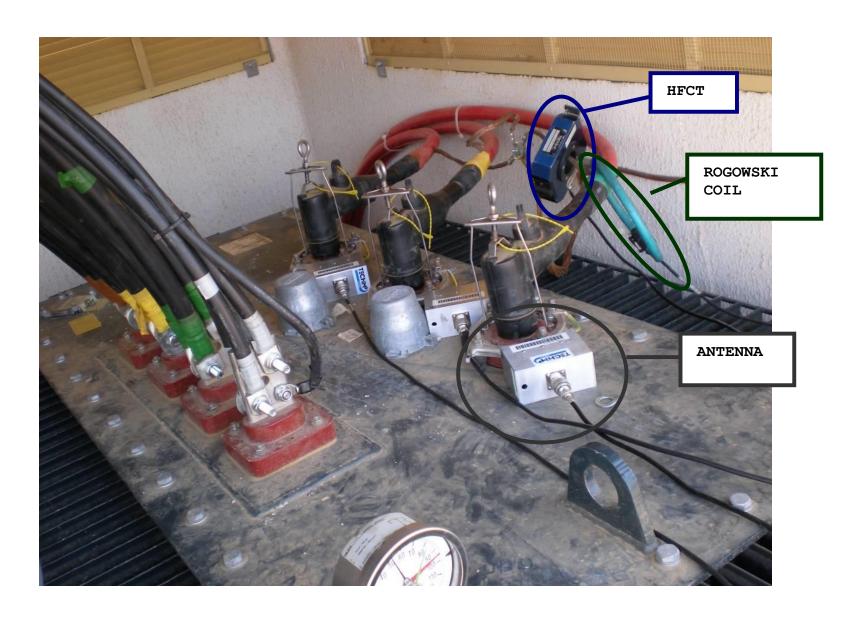


Transformer after the failure

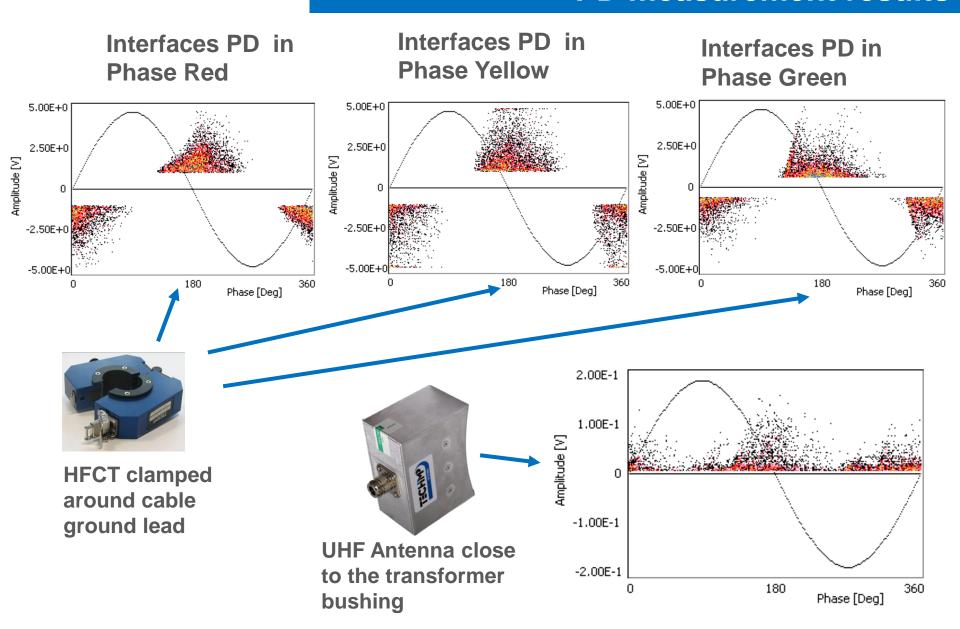












TECHM

PD measurement results

Same transformer was continuously monitored for 18 hours.

By analyzing the magnitude and repetition rate TREND it is possible to assess the risk associated to the PD activities and, thus,

PREVENT THE FAILURE!!

2.00E+0

-2.00E+

-4.00E+0

4mplitude [V]

